

SUPERCONDUCTING 56 MHz CRYOMODULE FOR sPHENIX

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**On behalf of the BNL Collider Accelerator
Department & RF Group**

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Overview

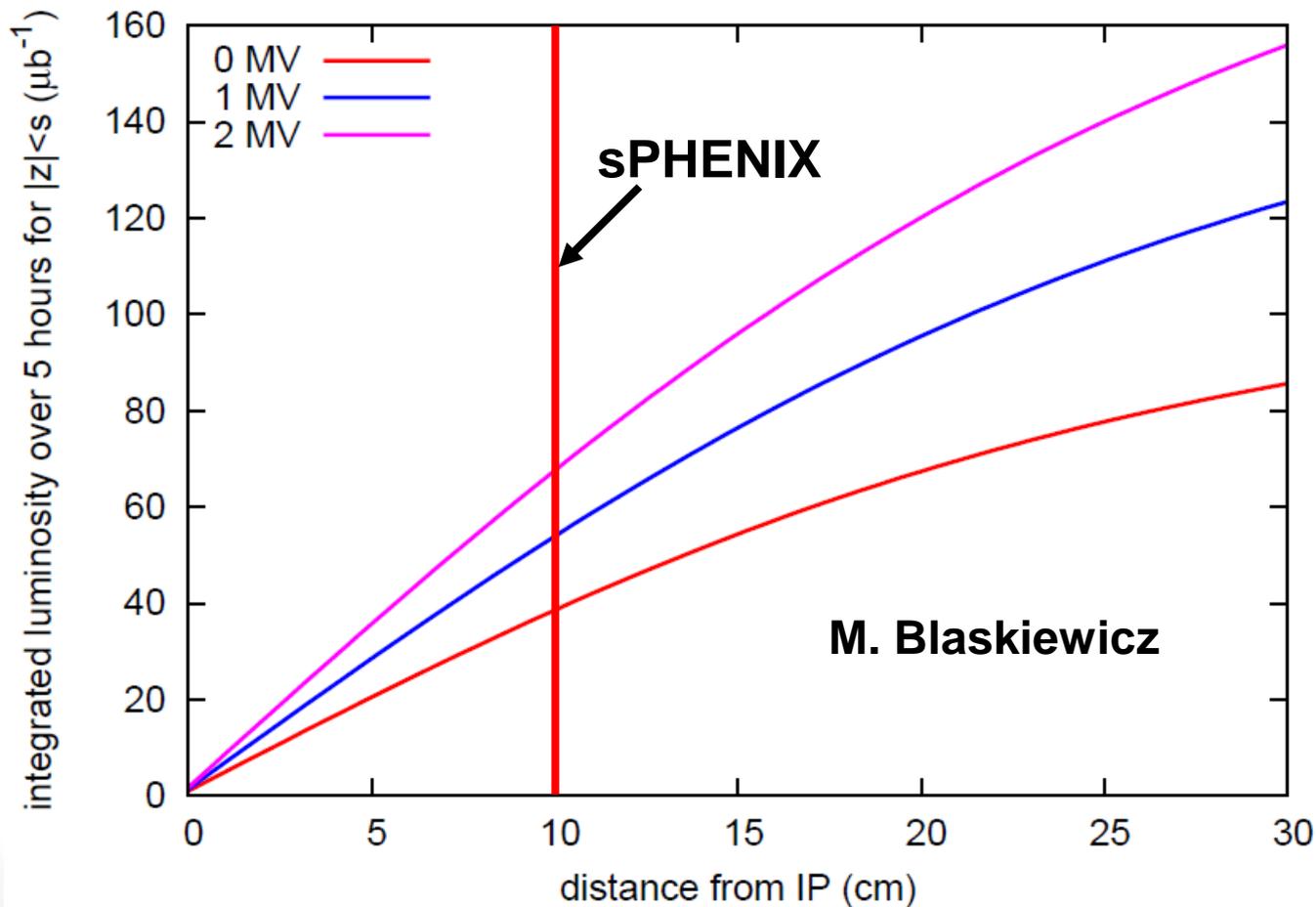
- Purpose of the 56 MHz System
- 56 MHz System
- sPHENIX Changes
- Status Update
- Future Schedule

56 MHz Quarter-Wave Resonator Cryomodule (2 Days Ago)



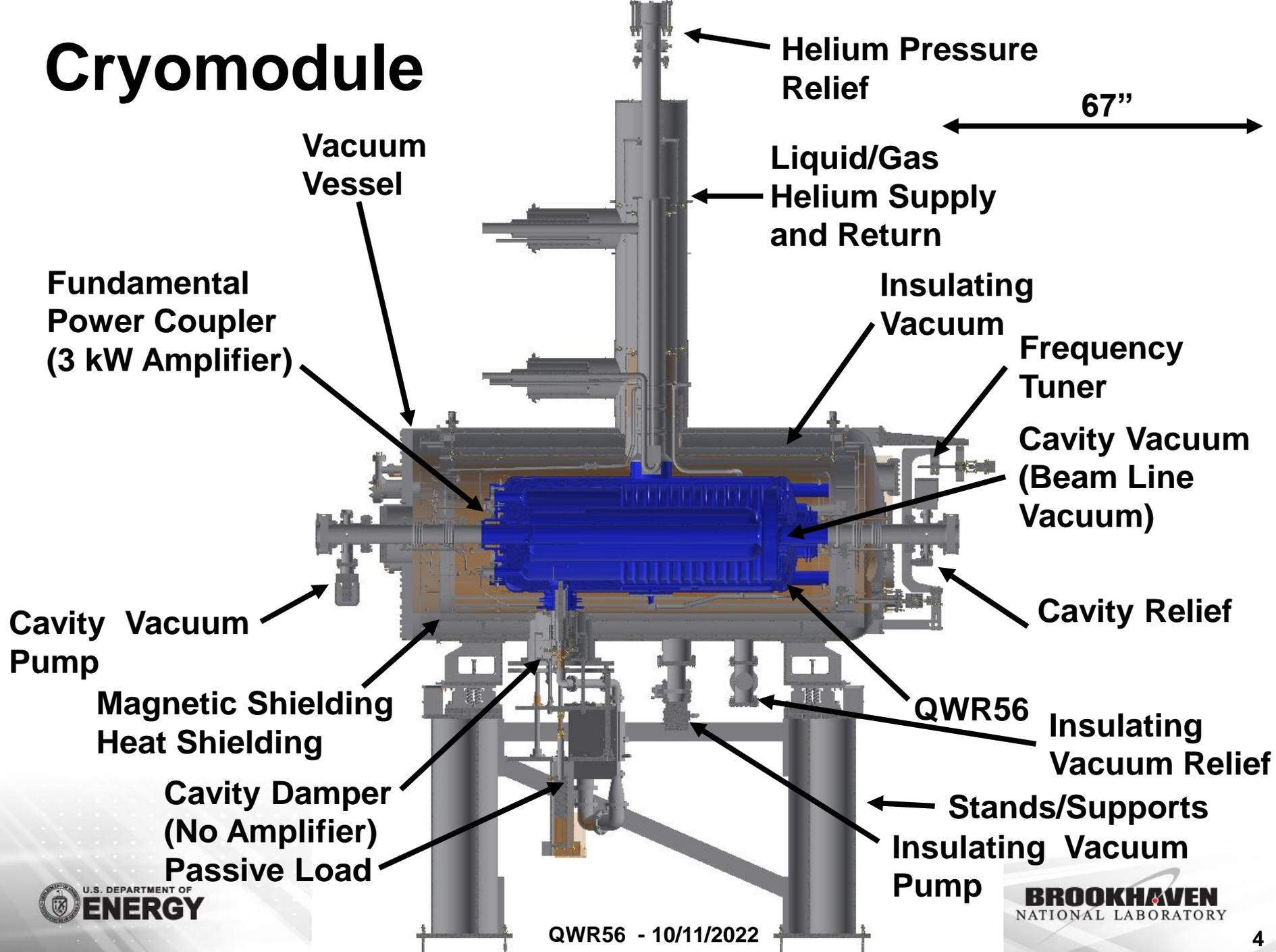
sPHENIX Impact

sPHENIX Performance with 56 MHz QWR



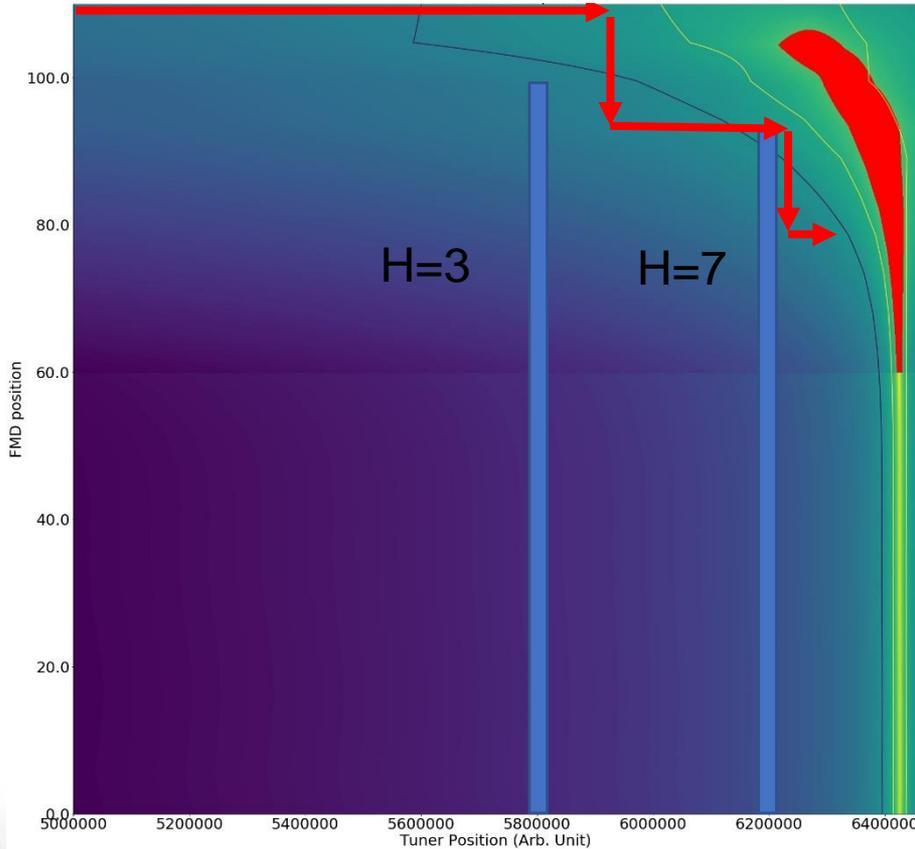
M. Blaskiewicz

Cryomodule

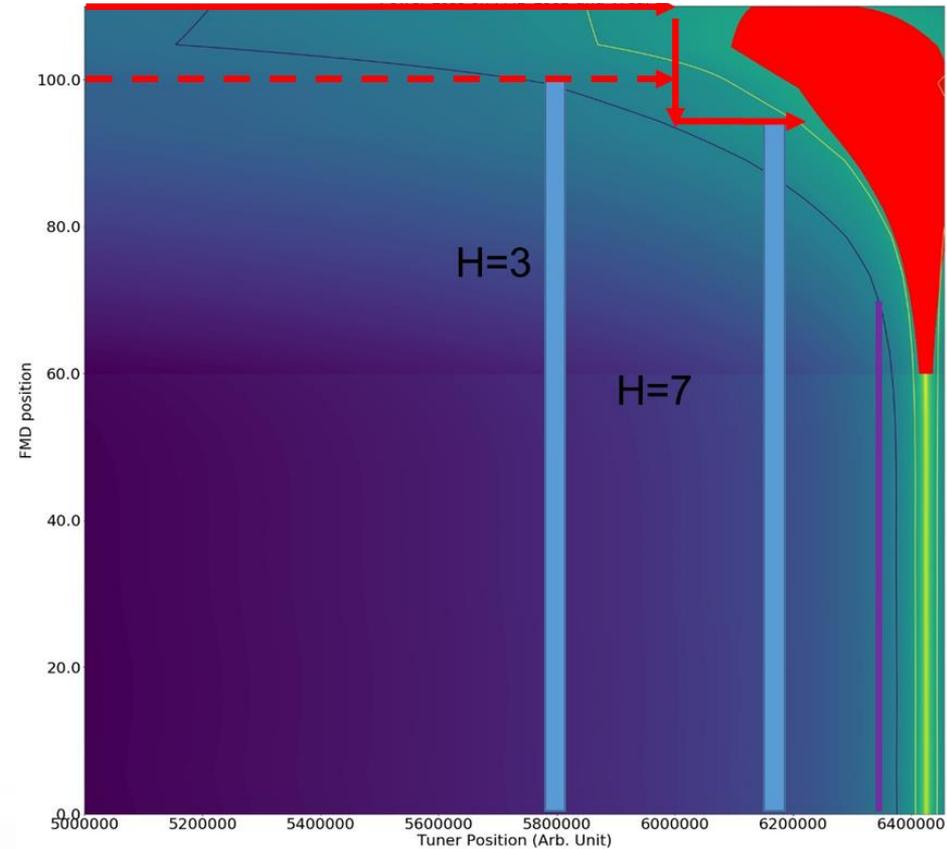


56 MHz Operation: Power Loss on FMD Loop and V_{real}

Simulated Operation During
Successful RHIC Run @ 1 MV
(Fill 19940)



Planned Operation For sPHENIX
Run @ 2 MV



S. Polizzo, Presentation @ 2016 MAC Review

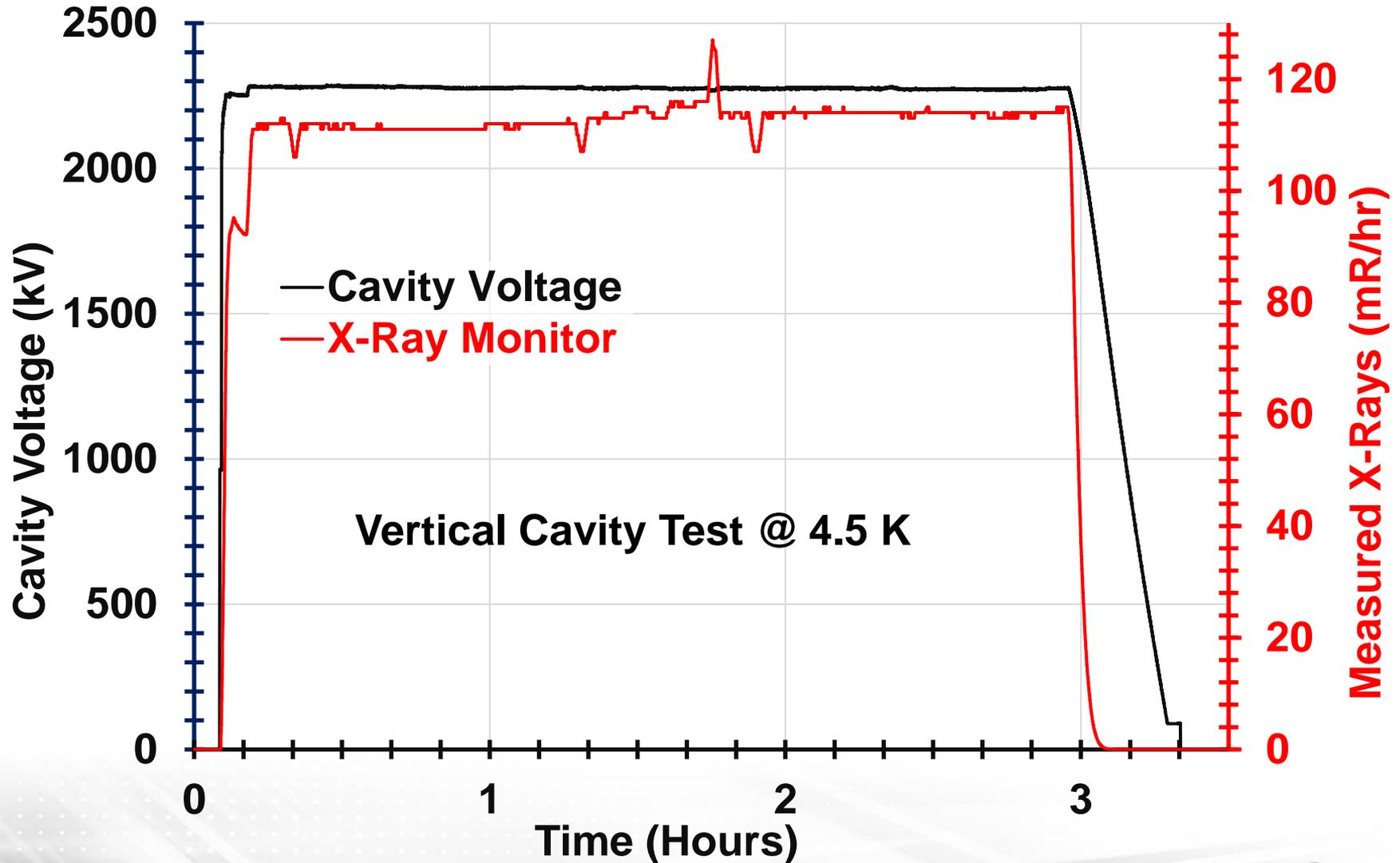
T. Xin, S. Polizzo & M. Blaskiewicz

56 MHz Cryomodule

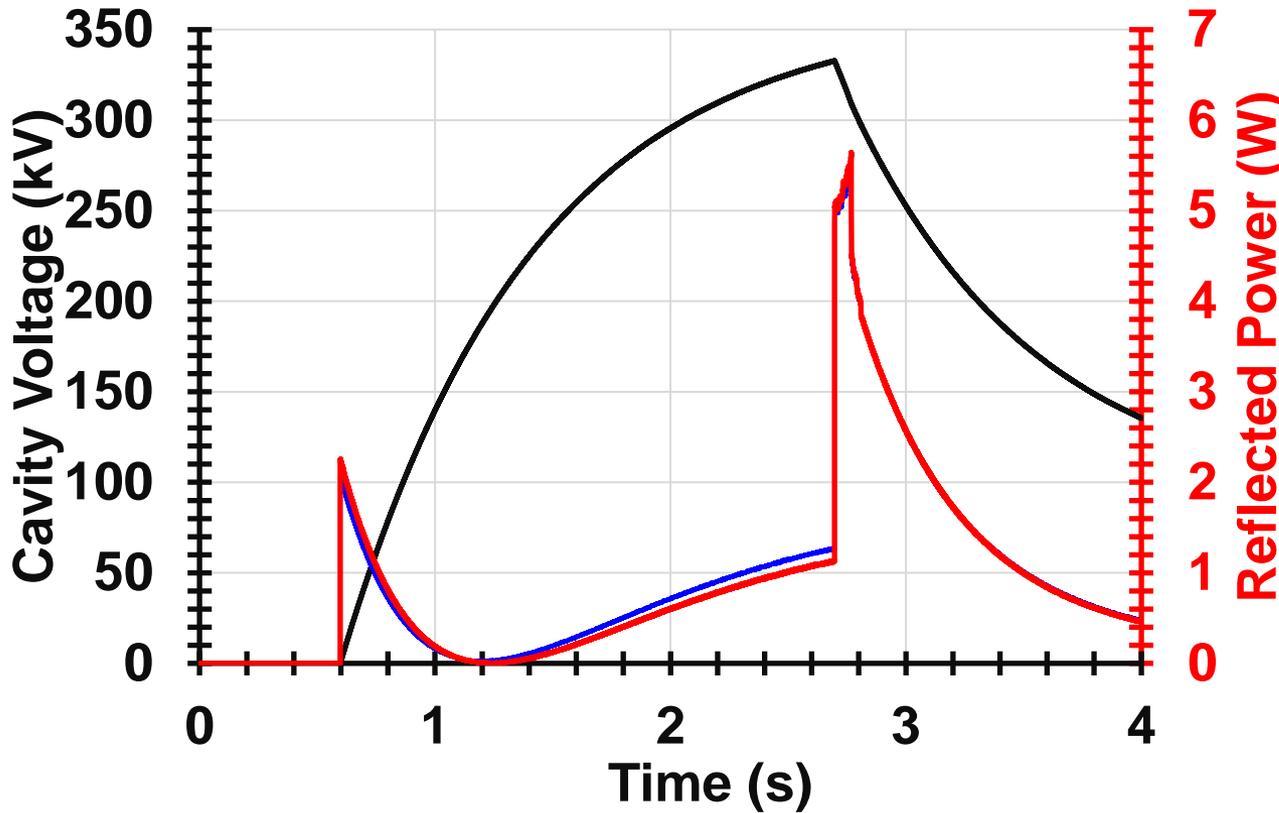
What do we need?

- Cavity operation = 2 MV
- Support a 50% greater effective beam current.
 - Longitudinal instability growth rate due to a single HOM ~ $Q_L * I_b = Constant$
 - Fundamental Mode Damper (FMD) ~ 126 kW
 - Also an HOM damper.
 - Fundamental Power Couplers (FPCs) ~ 2 X 3 kW
 - Also HOM dampers.
 - Ponderomotive Instabilities.
- Improved SRF cleaning and cryomodule preparation.
- Previous operation described in: Q. Wu et al, “Operation of the 56 MHz superconducting rf cavity,” PR-AB 22, 102001 (2019)

Cavity Operation > 2 MV?



Cavity Vertical Test - II



Loaded $\tau_V = 26.6$ s

$Q_L = 4.7 \times 10^9$

$\beta > 30$

$Q_0 \sim 4 \times 10^9$ @ 4.4 K

Residual Surface
Resistance ≤ 1.5 n Ω

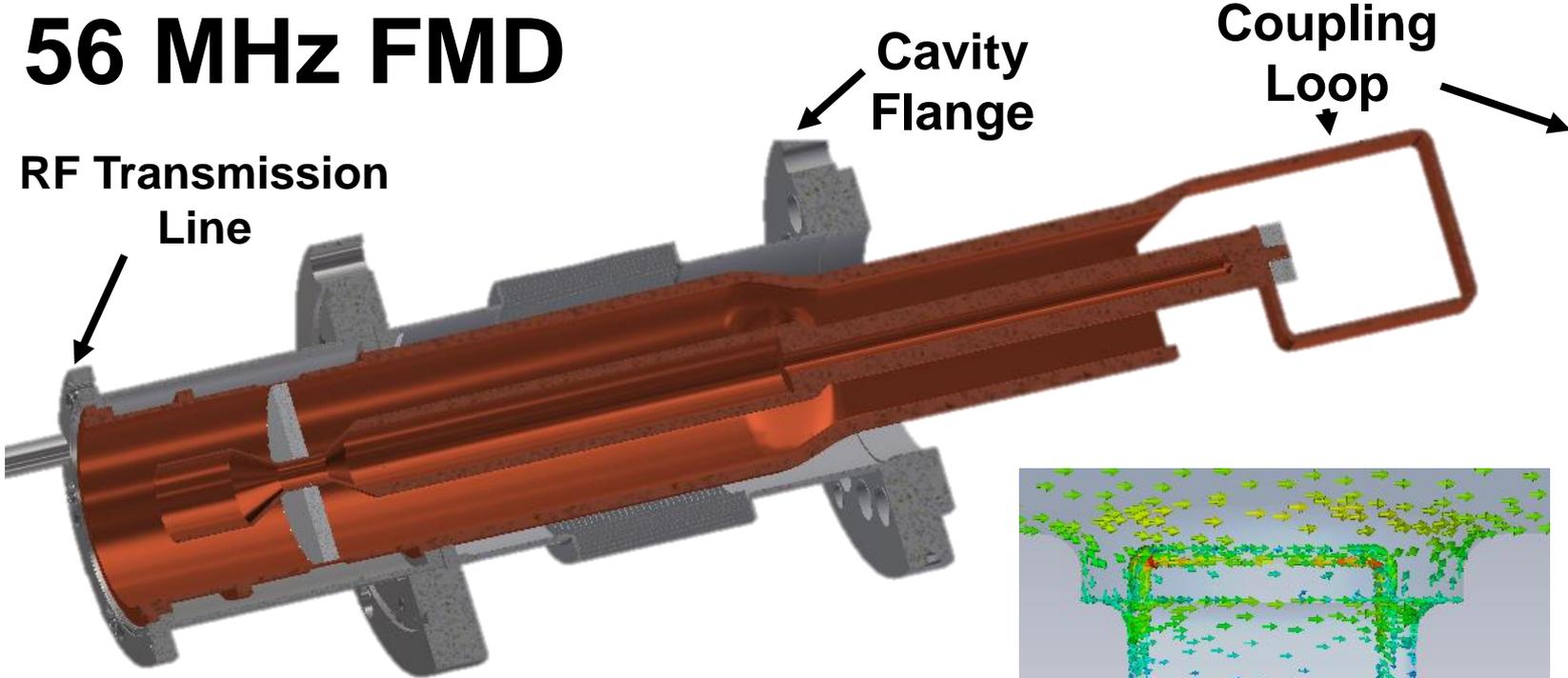
Cryomodule test will have variable coupler and can check this measurement.

56 MHz FMD

RF Transmission
Line

Cavity
Flange

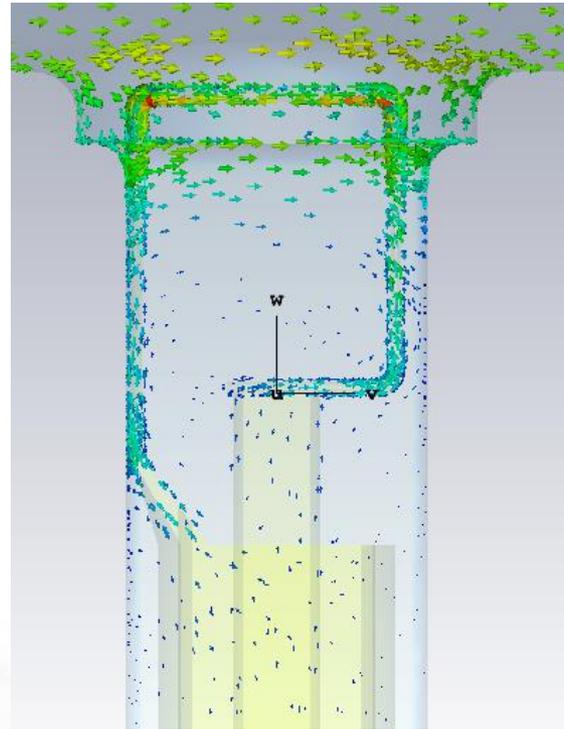
Coupling
Loop



$$P_b = \frac{\frac{R}{Q} * Q * I_b * I_b}{1 + 4Q^2 \left(\frac{\Delta f}{f}\right)^2} \propto \frac{I^2}{Q} \propto I^3$$

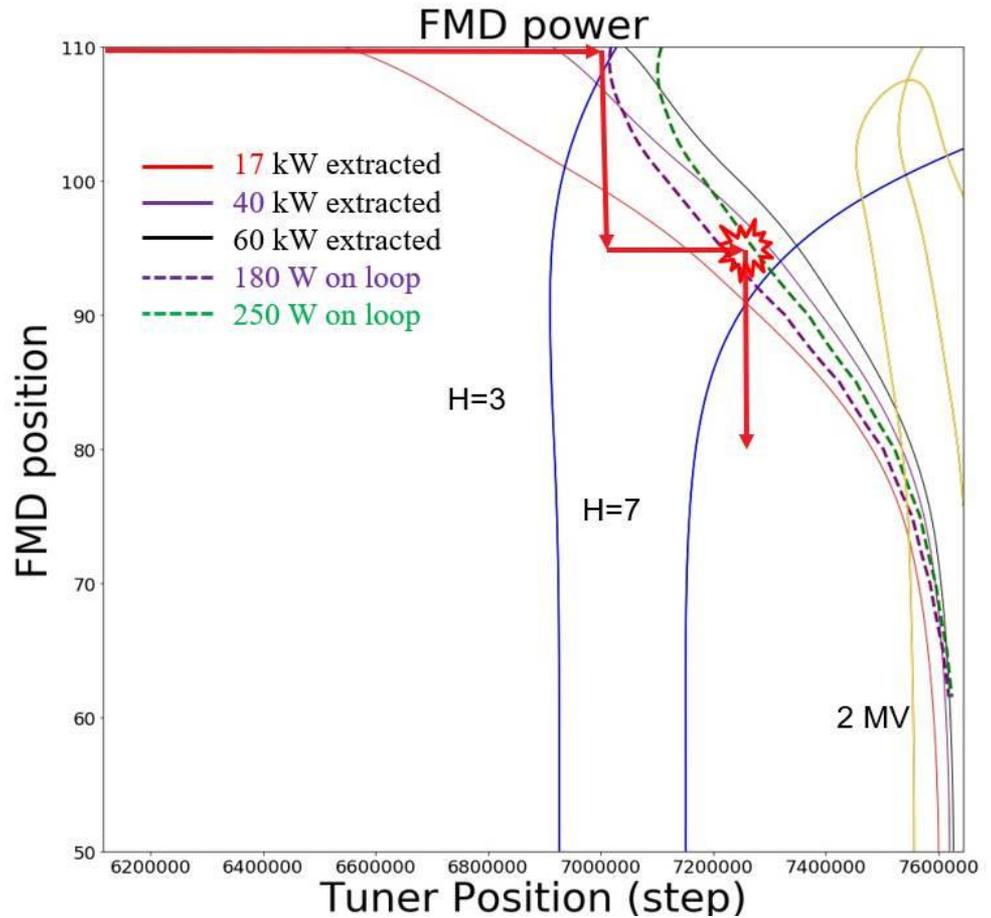
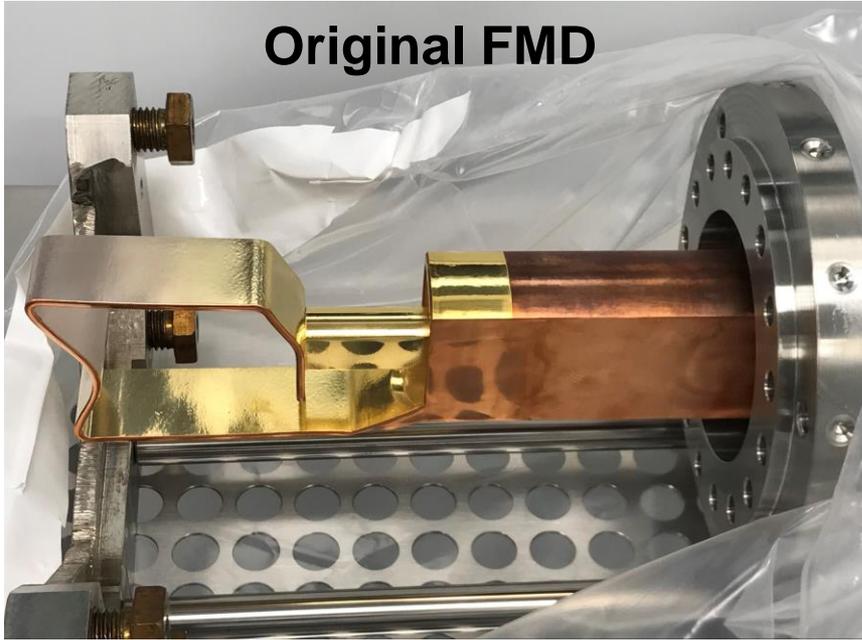
Assuming same path (same $\frac{\Delta f}{f}$)
and large detuning angle.

$$P_{new} = 1.5^3 * \frac{27.2 \text{ kW}}{0.9^3} = 126 \text{ kW}$$



56 MHz FMD

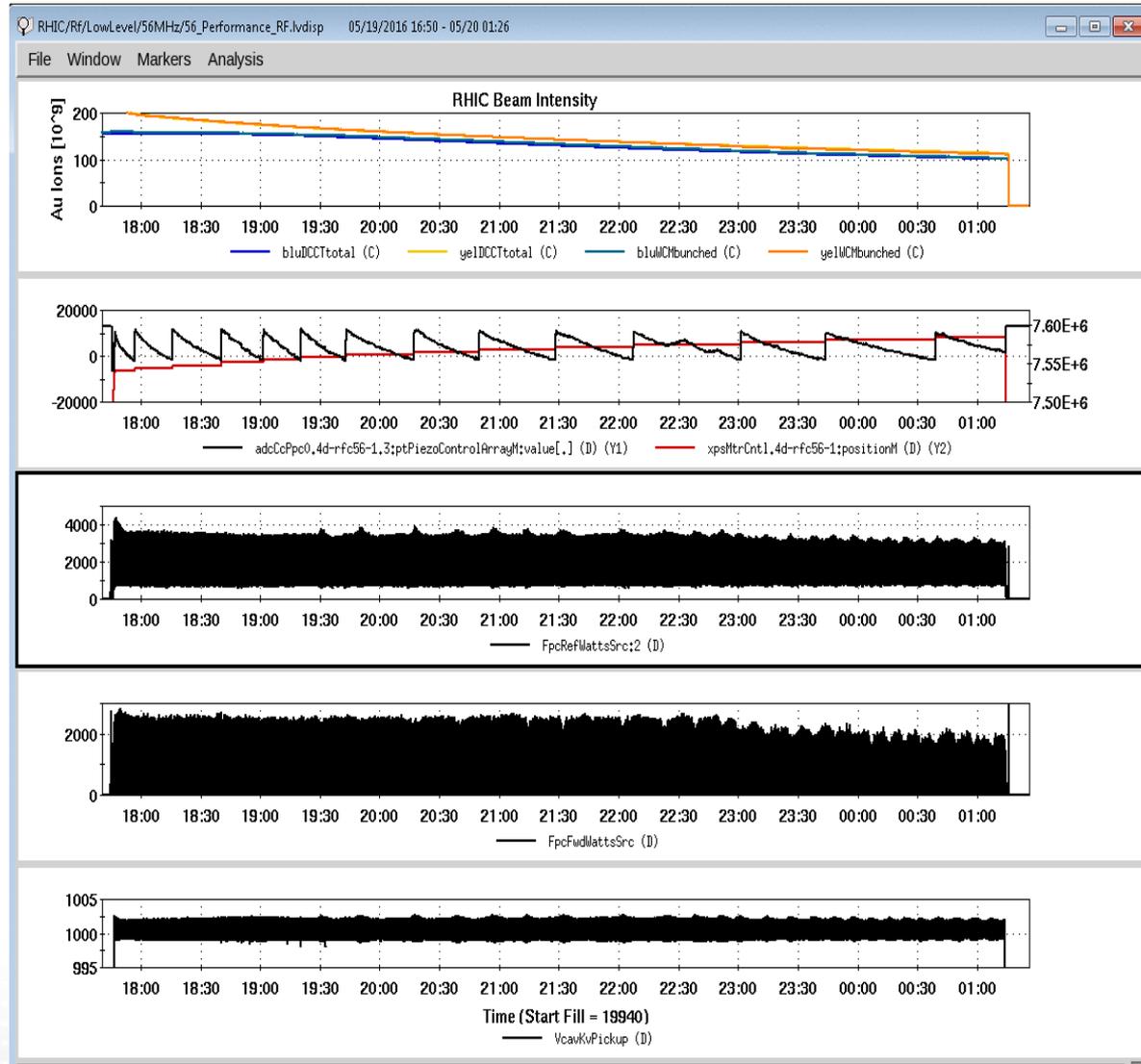
Original FMD



- Maximum FMD heating at $Q_{\text{ext}} = 1.8 \times 10^4 \sim 400 \text{ W/cm}^2$
- Whatever cooling we choose the copper will start to evaporate if the FMD stays in a position close to this, in spite of the water cooling.
- This coupler will be moved through this region in ~ 30 seconds while heating at $\sim 10^\circ\text{C/s}$ (heat capacity + thermal conduction)

Improved LL & HL RF Dynamics

- Cavity has active tuning.
- Active tuning is no where near as strong as the beam phase jitter!
- Previous run
 - $\sim 10 \text{ Hz}_{p-p}$ noise.
 - $P_{for} = 3 \text{ kW}$
 - Circulator not stable
 - I/Q Feedback loop to compensate both amplitude and phase errors.
 - Ponderomotive instabilities.
 - Saturated the amplifier



F. Severino

QWR56 - 10/11/2022

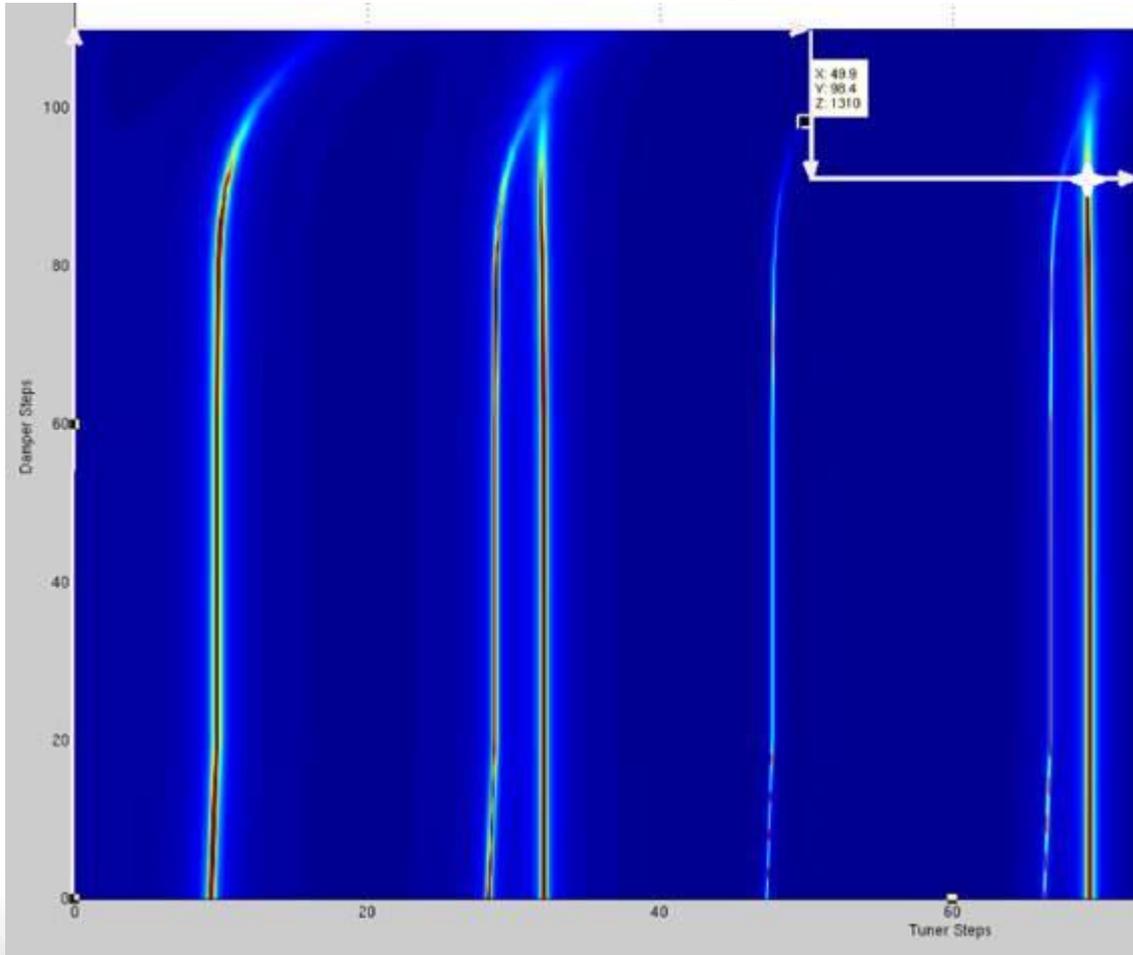
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Improved LL & HL RF Dynamics

- **2 new FPCs instead of 1 and a new 6 kW amplifier.**
 - **Higher beam current and improved ponderomotive control.**
 - **Couplers capable of 3 kW each, will start with single coupler operation and upgrade system with a hybrid splitter and phase shifter to feed both in parallel if needed.**
- **Ordered new 56 MHz 25 kW circulator and expect delivery in January 2023.**
- **New AC coupled feedback loop on amplitude only, RF system will no longer try to correct phase errors.**
 - **Drive feedback loops to be implemented around both the amplifier and circulator. Circulator to also have dedicated chiller for temperature stability.**
 - **Combined improvement should reduce RF drive by a factor of 2.**

Fundamental Power Couplers

Real Beam Tuning Path



K. Mernick, S. Polizzo

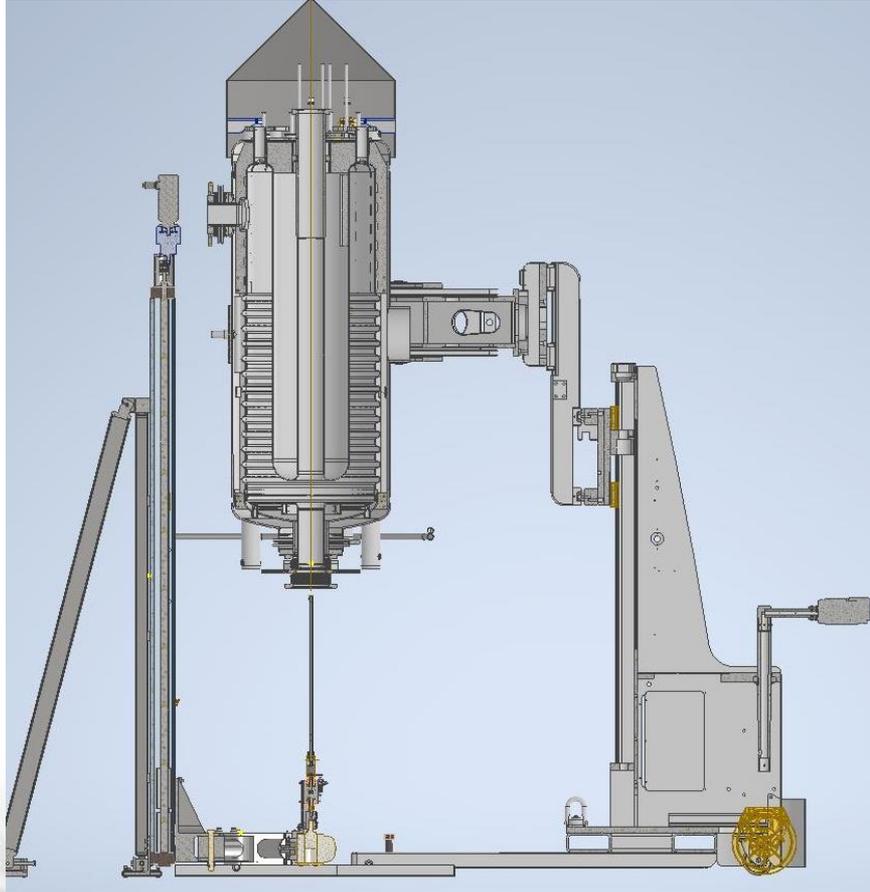
FPCs



D. Holmes

Improved SRF Processing - HPR

**New BNL HPR Tool
(Sized for Largest EIC Cavities,
too bad the clean room is not!)**

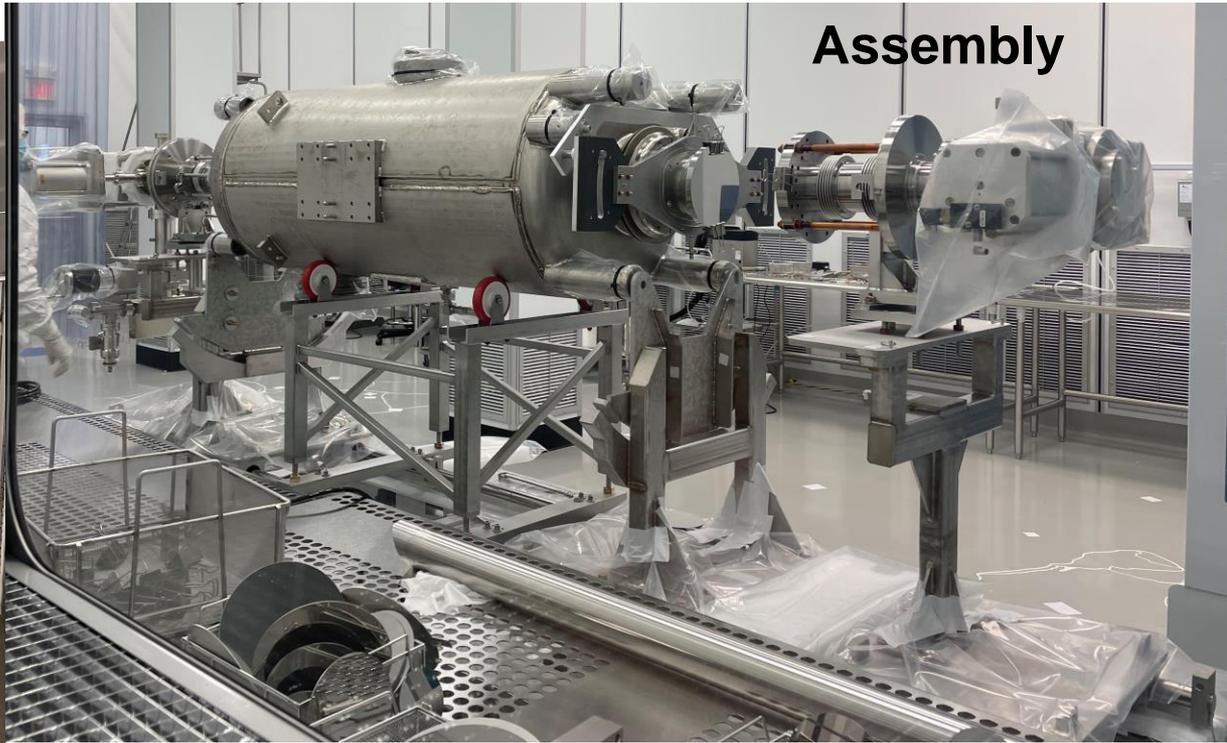


HPR Wand Shuttle Clamp



Improved SRF Processing - II

120°C Bake



- All beam line components HPRed during build-up.
- Assemblies then HPRed after installation on assembly tooling.
- Cavity HPR once

Closing Comments

- **Upgrading the existing RHIC 56 MHz SRF system for sPHENIX.**
- **Multiple activities to support this**
 - higher power fundamental mode damper,
 - higher power and redundant fundamental power couplers,
 - improved SRF processing and assembly,
 - improved subsystem control
 - (not discussed: coupler and FMD motion positioning and noise during operation improved, improved cryogenic cooling, secured microphonic sources inside of cryomodule...)
- **Avoid melting copper couplers.**
- **Need to test and, if successful, install in RHIC!**

Acknowledgments

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